## 1656263

Identifier	Topic	Reference to EIS/EA Report	Summary of Previous Comment	Proponent's Response to Previous Comment	Follow-up comment/ Request for Information	New Proponent Response	Subsequent Comment
			Date: March 2014 MNR-EM 1	Date: June 2015	Date: August 2015	Date: September 2016	
MNRF-14	Environmental		The EMP needs to be redeveloped to	Chapter 8 of the Final EIS/EA report outlines	MNRF has no concerns with	We must re-iterate that the environmental	MNRF-14B
	monitoring		include mitigation and monitoring	the proposed Environmental and Social	the commitment in the text	management planning considerations presented	
			objectives that actually address the	Management Planning considerations for the	of the EIS (pg 8-3, section	in Chapter 8 of the EIS/EA are not considered to	
			potential effects and	Project. It is not to be considered as a final	8.1.2.2) but has concerns	be the Final Environmental Management Plan.	
			contingency/non-compliance	environmental management plan, but lays out	with the monitoring	Chapter 8 is intended to provide a general	
			strategies that provide some	the general environmental and social	objectives and strategies in	framework including objectives, roles and	
			assurance that efforts are being	objectives, roles and responsibilities, and	the tables, since the VECs	responsibilities, and planned information sharing	
			taken to address the identified	planned information sharing that the detailed	and study areas are key	that the detailed environmental management	
			effects. (New Comment Table)	environmental management plans will be	components of a sound	plans will be developed from. The detailed	
				developed from. Chapter 8 includes proposed	monitoring plan.	environmental management plans, including	
				Monitoring Program Considerations for the	Also monitoring to E years	specific monitoring requirements (parameters, locations, methods, frequency, duration) will be	
				physical and biological environment which are directly tied to VECs and were developed by	Also, monitoring to 5 years post closure will not create a	developed in consultation with the appropriate	
				professional scientists familiar with the	sufficient picture of how the	regulators during the permitting phase of the	
				Hammond Reef Project. As outlined in the roles	site has been rehabilitated	project.	
				and responsibilities section of chapter 8, the	and is recovering; it would	project.	
				monitoring plan is expected to be developed in	only represent which early	As stipulated under Ontario Regulation 240/00	
				consultation with the government and finalized	successional species, or	Mine Development and Closure Under Part VII of	
				based on government feedback and review.	potentially invasive species,	the Ontario Mining Act (O.Reg 240/00), as part of	
					have begun to colonize on	the permitting process, a certified closure plan	
				It is important to recognize that not all Project	the sites left behind.	will be required which will be subject to review	
				impacts can be fully mitigated. For instance,		and approval by the Ministry of Northern	
				the goal of the closure plan and associated		Development and Mines (MNDM). The MNDM	
				monitoring considerations, is not to fully		will review and determine the appropriate post-	
				restore the site the pre-existing condition as		closure monitoring period and CMC will conform	
				this cannot be practically or economically done		to the requirements of the MNDM approved	
				(e.g., in the TMF, WRMF and pit areas. As		Certified Closure Plan.	
				detailed in the Conceptual Closure and			
				Rehabilitation Plan TSD, the goal for the		It is the opinion of CMC that the environmental	
				Closure Phase of the Project is to restore the		management planning framework presented in	
				site to an acceptable land use. This will include		Chapter 8 includes mitigation and monitoring	
				re-vegetation with native species and post-		objectives that adequately address the potential	
				closure monitoring of re-vegetated areas as		effects and contingency/non compliance	
				outlined in the CCRP and summarized below.		strategies that adequately address potential	
				Po vegetated areas will be inspected twice		issues	
				Re-vegetated areas will be inspected twice annually during the growing season (late spring			
				and late summer) during the active reclamation			
				phase and annually thereafter for a period of			
				up to 5 years following closure, to determine			
				the success of the program (adequate cover			
				and resistance to erosion) and the need for any			
				remedial work. The species mix or mixes for			

## Version 3 Hammond Reef Gold Project EIS/EA – Addendum (Part B) Responses to Provincial Information Requests

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				site re-vegetation will be determined through onsite test work programs to be conducted during operations and progressive reclamation, to help ensure re-vegetation success at closure.			
				Inspections will be carried out visually and will include photographic records. During monitoring, particular attention will be focused on potentially erosion prone areas such as slopes. Signs of gullying, riling, and/or slumping will be identified for follow-up action. Photographic records will be standardized to the extent possible to allow year to year comparisons of vegetation success. Based on these surveys, areas of poor, or incomplete, vegetation cover will be identified.			